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Room air quality sensors **QPA20**...

- With maintenance-free CO₂ sensing element based on optical infrared absorption measurement (NDIR¹⁾)
- and depending on the type of sensor VOC²⁾ sensing element based on a heated tin dioxide semiconductor
- CO₂ temperature and CO₂ humidity-temperature multi-sensor
- No recalibrations required
- Operating voltage AC 24 V or DC 15...35 V
- Signal outputs DC 0...10 V
- 1) NDIR = Non dispersive infrared
- 2) VOC = volatile organic compounds (also called mixed gas)

Use

In ventilation and air conditioning plants to enhance room comfort and optimize energy consumption by providing demand-controlled ventilation. The sensor acquires:

- CO₂ concentrations as an indication of occupancy in rooms where smoking is prohibited
- VOC concentrations as an indication of odors such as tobacco smoke, body odor, or material fumes in the room
- Relative humidity in the room
- Room temperature

The QPA20... can be used as a:

- Control sensor
- Transmitter for building automation and control systems and / or display units

Typical use:

• Acquisition of CO₂ and VOC concentrations:

In party rooms, lounges, fair pavilions and exhibition halls, restaurants, canteens, shopping malls, athletic centers, sales rooms, and conference rooms

• Acquisition of CO₂ concentrations:

In rooms with varying occupancy levels where smoking is prohibited, e.g. museums, theaters, movie theaters, auditoriums, office spaces, and school rooms

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Important!

QPA20... sensors may not be deployed as safety devices, e.g. as gas or smoke warning devices!

Type summary

Product number	CO₂ measuring range	VOC sensitivity	Temperature measuring range	Humidity measuring range	Display of measured value
QPA2000	02000 ppm				No
QPA2002	02000 ppm	Low (R1) Normal (R2) High (R3)			No
QPA2002D	02000 ppm	Low (R1) Normal (R2) High (R3)			Yes
QPA2060	02000 ppm		050 °C / –35+35 °C		No
QPA2060D	02000 ppm		050 °C / –35+35 °C		Yes
QPA2062	02000 ppm		050 °C / –35+35 °C	0100 %	No
QPA2062D	02000 ppm		050 °C / –35+35 °C	0100 %	Yes

Ordering

When ordering, please give name and product number, e.g.: Room air quality sensor **QPA2002**

Equipment combinations

QPA20... sensors are designed for deployment with all types of systems and devices capable of acquiring and handling the DC 0...10 V output signal from the sensor.

Mode of operation

CO₂ concentrations

SymaroTM air quality sensors acquire the CO_2 concentration by infrared absorption measurement (NDIR). Due to an additional integrated reference light source, the measurement is always accurate and no service or recalibration needed, thus reducing service costs. The resulting output signal DC 0...10 V is proportional to the CO_2 content of ambient air.

Function diagram CO₂ (output U1)

CO₂/VOC concentration – only with QPA2002 and QPA2002D

The sensor acquires and evaluates the CO_2 / VOC concentration and transforms it to a ventilation demand signal.

It represents the result of maximum selection of the CO_2 measuring signal and the filtered VOC measuring signal. With maximum selection, the 2 demand signals are compared and – depending on the result and the selected VOC sensitivity – provided as common air quality demand.

The ventilation demand signal is provided via output U2 as a DC 0...10 V signal to be supplied to the ventilation controller.

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Ventilation demand diagram (output U2)	U2 [V]	• Max (CO₂, VOC) [ppm]	
VOC sensitivity	changing the impact ventilation demand The position in the	plug on the setting element for the measuri ct of VOC ventilation demand on maximum center (R2) produces normal sensitivity of t er positions are used to increase (R3) or de	selection against CO ₂ he VOC signal (factory
Response time "VOC signal"	-	or handles a change of the measured VOC time of 3 minutes for every Volt the signal	
Relative humidity – only with QPA2062 and QPA2062D –	ing element whose An electronic meas	es the relative humidity in the room with a ca capacitance changes as a function of relat suring circuit converts the signal from the se / signal, corresponding to a relative humidit	ive humidity. Insing element to a con-
Temperature – only with QPA206 – 	resistance changes	es the room temperature with a sensing eler s as a function of the temperature. verted to an active DC 010 V output signa	
Mechanical design			
	commercially availa rear (concealed win openings. The units consist o can be again detac	cuit, the sensing elements, and the setting e	an be introduced from the es) through knockout Both snap together but

The mounting base carries the connection terminals.

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Setting elements...

	Measuring range	Test fu X4	Inction	active U2	
	R2 00 X4 R3 00		10 V	5 V	
°F X4 ©© ©© °C		000	0 V	5 V	
	Display Temperature unit °F		5 V	10 V	
QPA2000/2002/2060 QPA2002D/2060D	o o O OI O		5 V	0 V	1961Z04en
	Measuring range	* Test	functio	n active	
°° 0 0	R1 00	X4	U1	U2	U3
×4 •F • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	R2 R3 Display Temperature unit °F		10 V	5 V	5 V
			0 V	5 V	5 V
			5 V	10 V	5 V
QPA2062 QPA2062D	°C		5 V	0 V	5 V
* Set either X4 or X17 into tes		X17	U1	U2	U3
but not both at the same tim	e.		5 V	5 V	10 V
			5 V	5 V	0 V
			5 V	5 V	5 V
			5 V	5 V	5 V

The setting elements can be accessed after removing the mounting base.

for the measuring range	Meaning of the different shorting plug positions	
with QPA2000	 For the CO₂ measuring range: Shorting plug in the mid position (R2) 	= 02000 ppm (factory setting)
with QPA2002 and QPA2002D	 For CO₂ / VOC weighting: Shorting plug in the upper position (R1) Shorting plug in the mid position (R2) 	 VOC sensitivity "low" VOC sensitivity "normal" (factory setting)
	 Shorting plug in the lower position (R3) 	= VOC sensitivity "high"
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Mounting instructions	Mounting instructions are enclosed in the package.	
Mounting location	Inner wall of the room to be ventilated, not in niches, not behind curtains, not above or near heat sources, and not exposed to direct light from spot lights. Do not expose the sensor to direct solar radiation. Seal the end of the conduit at the sensor to prevent false measurements due to drafts through the conduit.	
Mounting notes		
Cable routing and cable selection	When laying the cables, remember that electrical interference is greater the longer the cables run parallel and the smaller the distance between them. On applications with EMC problems, use shielded cables. For secondary power lines and signal lines, use twisted-pair cables.	
	The sensor must be powered by a transformer for safety extra low-voltage (SELV) with separate windings, suited for 100 % duty. Size and fuse it in compliance with local safety regulations. When sizing the transformer, consider the power consumption of the sensor. For information about wiring, see the data sheets of the devices with which the sensor is used. Observe maximum permissible cable lengths.	
Engineering notes		
Disposal	The major plastic components are labeled with material references in compliance with ISO / DIS 11 469 to allow for environmentally compatible disposal.	
Display of measured values	With sensors typeQPA2002D, QPA2060D and QPA2062D, the measured values can be read on an LCD. The following measured values are displayed: $-CO_2$:In ppm $-CO_2 + VOC$:As a bar chart (4 bars $\cong U2 = 2 V$, 20 bars $\cong U2 = 10 V$) $-$ Temperature:In °C or °F $-$ Humidity:In %	
QPA2062 and QPA2062D	 If the temperature sensor becomes faulty, 0 V is present at signal output 02 If the temperature sensor becomes faulty, 0 V is present at signal output U3, and the humidity signal at signal output U2 increases to 10 V (after 60 seconds) If the humidity sensor becomes faulty, 10 V is present at signal output U2 (after 60 seconds), and the temperature signal remains active 	
QPA2060 and QPA2060D	onds)If the temperature sensor becomes faulty, 0 V is present at signal output U2	
Behavior in the event of fault All types QPA2002	 In the event of CO₂ failure, 10 V is present at signal output U1 (after 60 seconds) In the event of CO₂ or VOC failure, 10 V is present at signal output U2 (after 60 sec- 	
for changeover of the temperature display	 Meaning of the different shorting plug positions: For the unit of temperature: Shorting plug in the horizontal, lower position Shorting plug in the horizontal, upper position °F 	
for the active test function	Shorting plug for the measuring range in the vertical position: The signal output delivers the values according to table "Test function active".	
	 Shorting plug in the upper position (R1) = -35+35 °C Shorting plug in the mid position (R2) = 050 °C (factory setting) 	



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The sensor's functions can be checked 30 minutes after applying power:

• Checking the CO₂ function:

In well ventilated rooms, the sensor shows the CO_2 concentration of the outside air. This is typically, 360 ppm (the sensor's measuring accuracy must be considered). Also, a basic functional check can be made by exhaling on the sensor. In this case, remember that the sensor's rate of response is purposely delayed (time constant $t_{90} = 5$ min)

 Checking the VOC function: Touch the sensor with a cotton ball dowsed in alcohol (e.g. gas from a cigarette lighter, without lighting a flame)

Ventilation should start when the preset switching level of the connected controller is reached.

After applying power to the types of sensor with display, **Init** appears for about 6 seconds.

Technical data

Power supply	Operating voltage (SELV)	AC 24 V \pm 20 % or DC 15…35 V
	Frequency	50/60 Hz at AC 24 V
	Power consumption	≤2 VA
Cable lengths for measuring ignal	Perm. cable lengths	See data sheet of the device handling the signal
unctional data "CO2"	Measuring range (MW = measured value)	02000 ppm
	Measuring accuracy at 23 °C and 1013 hPa	≤±(50 ppm + 2 % MW)
	Temperature dependency in the range of -545 °C	±2 ppm / °C typically
	Long-time drift	≤±20 ppm p.a.
	Time constant t ₉₀	<5 min
	Output signal, linear (terminal U1)	DC 010 V
	Recalibration-free	8 years
unctional data "Maximum	Measuring range	02000 ppm
election of CO ₂ and VOC"	VOC sensitivity	See "Type summary"
ith QPA2002 and QPA2002D	Output signal, linear (terminal U2)	DC 010 V
	Response time "VOC signal" t _{voc}	3 min/V
unctional data "r.h." with	Range of use	095 % r.h. (non-condensing)
PA2062 and QPA2062D	Measuring range	0100 % r.h.
	Measuring accuracy at 23 °C and AC 24 V 095 % r.h. 3070 % r.h. Temperature dependency	±5 % r.h. ±3 % r.h. (typically) ≤0.1 % r.h./°C
	Time constant	approx. 20 s
	Output signal, linear (terminal U2)	DC 010 V ≙ 0100 % r.h., max. ±1 mA
unctional data "Temperature"	Measuring range	050 °C (R2, R3) or -35+35 °C (R1)
ith QPA206	Measuring element	ΝΤC 10 kΩ
	Measuring accuracy at AC 24 V in the range of 1535 °C -35+50 °C	±0.8 K ±1 K
	Time constant t_{63}	8.5 min
	Output signal, linear (terminal U2 or U3)	DC 010 V ≙ 050 °C / -35+35 °C Max. ±1 mA
isplay of measured value	With QPA2002D, QPA2060D, QPA2062D	LCD
rotective data	Degree of protection of housing	IP 30 to IEC 60 529
	Safety class	III to EN 60 730
lectrical connections	Screw terminals for	$1 \times 2.5 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ or } 2 \times 1.5 \text{ mm}^2$
invironmental conditions	Operation to Climatic conditions Temperature (housing incl. electronics) Humidity Mechanical conditions	IEC 60 721-3-3 Class 3K3 050 °C 095 % r.h. (non-condensing)
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	Mounting plate	PC, NCS 2801-Y43R (gray)
	Sensor (complete)	Silicone-free
	Packaging	Corrugated cardboard
Standards	Product safety Automatic electrical controls for household and similar use	EN 60 730-1
		EN 80 730-1
	Electromagnetic compatibility Immunity QPA2062, QPA2062D Immunity QPA2000, QPA2002, QPA2002D,	EN 61 000-6-1
	QPA2060D, QPA2060D Emissions	EN 61 000-6-2 EN 61 000-6-3
	CE conformity to	EMC directive 2004/108/EC
	Conformity to Australian EMC Framework Radio Interference Emission Standard	Radio Communication Act 1992 AS/NZS 3548
Weight	le conformity	UL 916
	Incl. packaging Without display With display	approx. 0.10 kg approx. 0.12 kg

Room sensors with active outputs have power dissipation influencing temperature measurement. The degree of influence depends on the operating voltage and is compensated at AC 24 V operating voltage in Symaro[™] room sensors. All other operating voltages may result in over- or undercompensation.

Furthermore, the measuring accuracy is influenced by the following:

- Prevailing air flow

- Wall surface (rough, smooth)

- Type of wall (wood, plaster, concrete, brick)

- Location of wall (inside, outdoors).

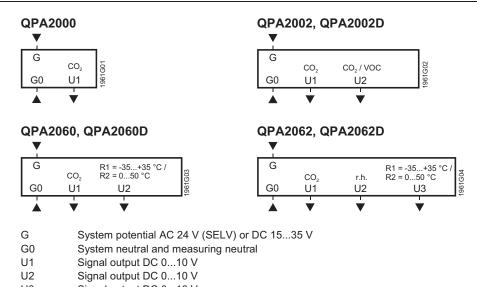
In an installed sensor, the application-specific measuring accuracy becomes constant after about a 1-hour operating time. It can be adjusted by a higher system (e.g. controller) as needed.

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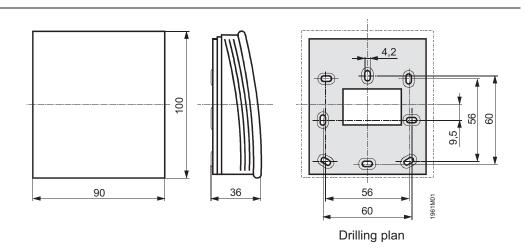
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Connection terminals



U3 Signal output DC 0...10 V

Dimensions (in mm)



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